

FY 2012 Food For Progress

Priority Countries, Regions, and Objectives

COUNTRY	REGION(S)	Objectives
El Salvador	All Regions	<p>(1) Trade Capacity Building (TCB) through comprehensive sanitary and phytosanitary programming (TCB is defined as building market-driven institutions and science-based regulatory frameworks that facilitate trade and create an environment conducive to agricultural growth to help countries transition from aid recipient to commercial buyer)</p> <p>(2) Support micro, small and medium sized farmers and agricultural, industrial, and service enterprises with technical assistance and infrastructure to engender economic development. Such activities could complement the Government of El Salvador's recently launched "Family Agriculture Program" (FAG) that seeks to transition small farmers from subsistence to formal value-added agriculture</p>
Guatemala	Quiche, Huehuetenango, Totonicapán, San Marcos, and Quetzaltenango	<p>(1) Increase access to financial services (including microcredit and crop insurance) to farmers and other agriculture-related businesses, and market information systems</p> <p>(2) Crop Improvement through agricultural technology (breeding, biotechnology, seed banks, irrigation, plant nutrition)</p> <p>(3) Agricultural extension service to be provided through universities, educational institutions and the government</p>
Honduras	All Regions	<p>(1) Proposals linking small holder farmers to the national SPS systems, particularly in terms of animal and plant disease and pest surveillance and issues impacting food safety. This may include areas such as: livestock production constraints; invasive fruit flies; pesticide residues; food pathogens; and mycotoxin management</p> <p>(2) Proposals linking farmers with environmentally sound agricultural practices such as the use of low-risk pesticides and best chemical management (pesticide application, disposal, etc) practices.</p>

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Malawi	North; Eastern Province; The Central province bisecting the Rift Valley and extending to the Kenyan Highlands of Western and Nyanza Provinces	<p>(1) Increase access to agricultural inputs (feed, fertilizer, machinery, and irrigation equipment)</p> <p>(2) Training in improved production techniques and new technologies</p> <p>(3) Increase access to financial services (including microcredit and community savings) to farmers and other agriculture-related businesses</p>
Mali	<p>(1)For natural resource management: Segou Region</p> <p>(2)For ongoing programs: Southern Mali (South of Timbuktu Region)</p>	<p>(1) Natural resource management, including reforestation and agroforestry for the purposes of improving agricultural production techniques and technologies.</p> <p>(2) Continuation of on-going Programs</p>

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Mongolia	All Regions	Value Chain Development in the beef, pork, or dairy sector focusing in one or more of the following areas: Vet Training; Food Safety Standards; and Product Quality Improvement, Education, and Marketing
Mozambique	All Regions (especially central and northern Mozambique, such as Nacala and Beira trade and transport corridors)	<p>(1) Value chain development for cashew, maize, and/or cassava. If maize is targeted, proposal could include an aflatoxin reduction strategy.</p> <p>(2) Dairy development</p>
Nicaragua	North Central Region and the East Coast: Jinotega, Madriz, Matagalpa, New Segovia, Chinandega, Puerto Cabeza, and Bluefields	<p>(1) Proposals linking small holder farmers to the national SPS systems, particularly in terms of animal and plant disease and pest surveillance and issues impacting food safety. This may include areas such as: livestock production constraints; invasive fruit flies; pesticide residues; food pathogens; and mycotoxin management.</p> <p>(2) Proposals linking farmers with environmentally sound agricultural practices such as the use of low-risk pesticides and best chemical management (pesticide application, disposal, etc) practices</p>

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Senegal	<p>(1)For feeder road construction, one or more of the following regions should be the focus:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Senegal River Valley (including MCC irrigation project area) - Area near National Road RN2 (north) - Area near National Road RN6 (south) <p>(2)For ongoing programs - all regions</p>	<p>(1) Feeder road construction –Proposal may also include working with farmers and entrepreneurs to improve the agricultural value chain.</p> <p>(2) Continuation of On-going Programs</p>
Tanzania	<p>Arusha, Coast (Pwani), Dar es Salaam, Dodoma, Iringa, Kagera, Kilimanjaro, Lindi, Manyara, Mara, Mbeya, Morogoro, Mtwara, Mwanza, Pwani, Rukwa, Ruvuma, Singida, Shinyanga, Tabora, and Tanga.</p>	<p>(1) Increase access to financial services (including microcredit, community savings, and crop insurance) to farmers and other agriculture-related businesses</p> <p>(2)Build, repair, or improve infrastructure to better connect agricultural production areas to markets. Coordinate with USAID and MCC to determine how to address greatest needs.</p> <p>(3)Promote projects that increase agricultural production, support agribusiness or create sustainable trade and long-lasting agricultural markets</p>